

Герметичные реактивы

Технические характеристики

По вопросам продаж и поддержки обращайтесь:

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Симферополь (3652)67-13-56
Смоленск (4812)29-41-54
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Ставрополь (8652)20-65-13
Сургут (3462)77-98-35

Сыктывкар (8212)25-95-17
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Тверь (4822)63-31-35
Тольятти (8482)63-91-07
Томск (3822)98-41-53
Тула (4872)33-79-87
Тюмень (3452)66-21-18
Ульяновск (8422)24-23-59
Улан-Удэ (3012)59-97-51
Уфа (347)229-48-12
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Адрес: <https://tci.nt-rt.ru/> || эл.почта: tic@nt-rt.ru

DualSeal

Airtight-Double-Cap Bottled Reagents

TCI introduced our newly developed double cap system "DualSeal" for moisture/oxygen-sensitive products, allowing you to keep them in good condition until the last drop. We will continuously increase our usage of DualSeal across our product portfolio.



Features of DualSeal

- Highly airtight double cap structure.
- Air-sensitive reagents can be safely dispensed without exposure to air.
- Even after piercing the septum cap, the PTFE sheet on the blue outer cap provides sealing protection.
- Easy to dispose of caps and bottles separately.



Outer cap (Blue)



PTFE sheet

DualSeal specification

DualSeal consists of two parts: the blue outer cap and the white septum cap, both of which can be screwed on and off.

No additional sealing is required after piercing the septum cap with a needle. Just screw the outer cap back in place.

The outer cap has a convex structure on the inside. By filling the space where air and moisture stay, the material is protected from moisture and oxygen even after piercing the septum cap with a needle.

Caution

Do not dispose of the inlaid PTFE sheet! Keep it as it is during use! This PTFE sheet acts as a second layer air seal.



Septum cap (white)



The white septum cap has a wide septum surface for ease of use, and features two layers of rubber and a highly chemically resistant PTFE seal. The septum cap body is made of polypropylene and contains a screw thread allowing for easy removal from the bottle. The septum cap is closed with high torque to ensure an airtight seal. Open the septum cap only when all of the liquid has been used up and you want to prepare for the disposal of the bottle.

Caution

Do not place anything on the septum cap! This will significantly reduce seal quality. The cap and bottle can be separated for disposal. It is easy to dispose of caps and bottles separately. Highly reactive reagents may be residing inside the cap. Please take the necessary precautions to avoid accidents due to exposure to oxygen or moisture. Dispose of the bottle and the caps separately after ensuring that no chemical residue is left behind.

How to use DualSeal

In case using a needle (1):

Solvents except for Halogenated hydrocarbon solvents

1. Clamp and secure the reagent bottle before opening.
2. Carefully unscrew the blue outer cap only. Place the cap near the bottle while in use.
3. To prevent air from entering the container, insert a needle with a balloon filled with an inert gas such as argon or nitrogen. Then insert a syringe needle through the septum surface of the septum cap.
4. Fill the syringe with the required amount of liquid.
5. Remove the syringe, inject the liquid into your reaction vessel and safely dispose of the needle.
6. Take the outer cap and screw it tightly back in place.

*Repeated use can lead to increasing the number of holes or increasing the size of existing holes and will over time lead to an increase in air leakage. To prevent deterioration of the septum, reduce the number of injections as much as possible, or purchase a smaller sized bottle.



In case using a needle (2):

Halogenated hydrocarbon solvents such as dichloromethane

1. Clamp and secure the reagent bottle before opening.
2. Carefully unscrew the blue outer cap only. Place the cap near the bottle while in use.
3. Attach a needle to the PTFE tube for liquid delivery connected to the reaction vessel filled with the inert gas. Puncture the septum with the needle so that the needle tip reaches the bottom of the reagent bottle.
4. A syringe filled with an inert gas or a needle connected to an inert gas pump punctures the septum, and the inert gas is sent into the void of the reagent bottle to send the liquid.
5. Remove the needle of the liquid feeding tube first, and then remove the needle that was feeding the inert gas.
6. Take the outer cap and screw it tightly back in place. However, it is recommended that the minimum number of removals be made, as the holes will be degraded by the vapor of the halogenated hydrocarbon solvent.

How to remove the septum cap

Open the septum cap only when all of the liquid has been used up and you want to prepare for the disposal of the bottle.

1. Clamp and secure the bottle before opening.
2. Open the septum cap by unscrewing. (The septum cap is tightly closed with high torque to ensure airtightness. Using tools such as water pump pliers is recommended.)

*Do not remove the outer cap when you remove the septum cap. Take extra care to avoid any spillage of inner liquid.

Notes on bottle disposal

The cap and bottle can be separated for disposal.

- Remove DualSeal by referring to "How to remove the septum cap".
- Highly reactive reagents may be residing inside the cap. Please take the necessary precautions to avoid accidents due to exposure to oxygen or moisture.
- Dispose of the bottle and the caps separately after ensuring that no chemical residue is left behind.

DualSeal Sealability Test: Moisture Analysis

In order to evaluate the sealability of DualSeal, we periodically measure and monitor the moisture increment by Karl Fischer method after piercing the septum of a 500 mL bottle by a needle.

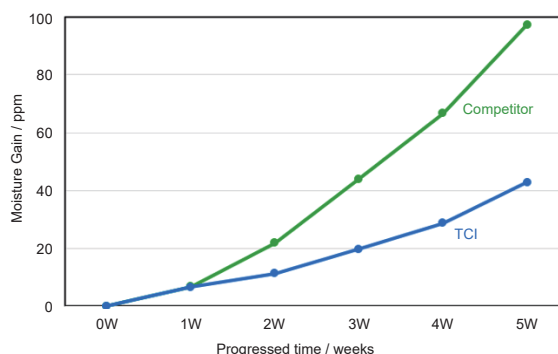
Measurement condition

500 mL anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (TCI product number: **T2394**) was compared with a competitor's 500 mL anhydrous tetrahydrofuran.

The septum moiety was pierced using an 18 gauge needle at 4 different positions every week (in total, 20 different positions pierced in 5 weeks).

After piercing, the sample solvent was taken and the water content was measured by the Karl Fischer method.

After sampling, the septum was sealed by an outer cap with 1.5 Nm torque and the sealed bottle was stored in a closed environment at ca. 24 °C, ca. 75 % RH (relative humidity).



Periodical measurement to monitor moisture increment every week (5 weeks in total) showed a remarkable difference in the water content (in ppm) between TCI and the competitor's samples. This result indicates that the PTFE sheet inside the outer cap can tightly seal the septum and the outer cap.

As a result, use of the DualSeal can maintain the quality of product in a sealed bottle for a long time.

* Not available for smaller than the 100 mL or 100 g size bottles.

* We are not selling the DualSeal cap itself.

* Since the septum cap part of DualSeal contains butyl rubbers, it is not durable enough for halogenated hydrocarbon solvents such as dichloromethane. Accordingly, the minimum number of needle punctures is recommended, as it is possibly degraded by the vapor of the solvent once a hole is made.

When pulling out the syringe needle from the septum cap, please make sure that no liquid remains inside the needle to avoid spilling the liquid from the needle tip.

DualSeal protocol video

You can access the below URL to see DualSeal protocol video.

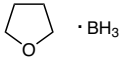
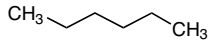
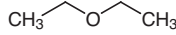
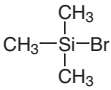
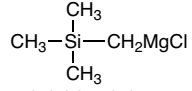
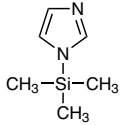
<https://youtu.be/PHa8thrnaxc>

or



Volatile Solutions

Volatile Solutions		B4358100mL 500mL	<chem>C=CC=C</chem> 1,3-Butadiene (ca. 15% in Hexane) CAS RN: 106-99-0	B4359100mL 500mL	<chem>C=CC=C</chem> 1,3-Butadiene (ca. 15% in Toluene) CAS RN: 106-99-0	B4835100mL	<chem>C=CC=C</chem> 1,3-Butadiene (ca. 13% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 2mol/L) CAS RN: 106-99-0				
		B4410500mL	<chem>CCC=C</chem> 1-Butene (ca. 10% in Hexane) CAS RN: 106-98-9	B4411100mL	<chem>CCC=C</chem> 1-Butene (ca. 10% in Toluene) CAS RN: 106-98-9	I0909100mL 500mL	<chem>CC(C)=C</chem> Isobutene (ca. 8% in Dichloromethane) CAS RN: 115-11-7	I0910100mL 500mL	<chem>CC(C)=C</chem> Isobutene (ca. 10% in Isopropyl Ether) CAS RN: 115-11-7	I0911100mL 500mL	<chem>CC(C)=C</chem> Isobutene (ca. 15% in Tetrahydrofuran) CAS RN: 115-11-7
		M2563100mL 500mL	<chem>CC(C)C=C</chem> Isoamylene (ca. 15% in Dichloromethane, ca. 2.5mol/L) CAS RN: 563-45-1	M2565100mL	<chem>CC(C)C=C</chem> Isoamylene (ca. 12.5% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1.5mol/L) CAS RN: 563-45-1	P2295100mL 500mL	<chem>CC#C</chem> Propyne (ca. 5% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1mol/L) CAS RN: 74-99-7	P2846100mL 500mL	<chem>C=C=C</chem> Allene (ca. 2% in <i>N,N</i>- Dimethylformamide, ca. 0.4 mol/L) CAS RN: 463-49-0	P2847100mL 500mL	<chem>C=C=C</chem> Allene (ca. 2% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 0.4 mol/L) CAS RN: 463-49-0
		P2848100mL 500mL	<chem>C=C=C</chem> Allene (ca. 3.5% in Toluene, ca. 0.7 mol/L) CAS RN: 463-49-0	M2813100mL	<chem>CCl</chem> Methyl Chloride (ca. 5.7% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1mol/L) CAS RN: 74-87-3	T3957100mL	<chem>CF3I</chem> Trifluoroiodomethane (ca. 10% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 0.5mol/L) CAS RN: 2314-97-8	T3958100mL	<chem>CF3I</chem> Trifluoroiodomethane (ca. 10% in Dimethyl Sulfoxide, ca. 0.6mol/L) CAS RN: 2314-97-8	C2882100mL 500mL	<chem>CCCl</chem> Chloroethane (ca. 17% in Ethyl Ether, ca. 2.0mol/L) CAS RN: 75-00-3
C2883100mL 500mL	<chem>CCCl</chem> Chloroethane (ca. 15% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 2.0mol/L) CAS RN: 75-00-3	V0126100mL	<chem>C=CHBr</chem> Vinyl Bromide (ca. 14% in Ethyl Ether, ca. 1.0mol/L) CAS RN: 593-60-2	V0127100mL	<chem>C=CHBr</chem> Vinyl Bromide (ca. 12% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1.0mol/L) CAS RN: 593-60-2	M1016500mL	<chem>CN</chem> Methylamine (40% in Methanol, ca. 9.8mol/L) CAS RN: 74-89-5	M2323100mL	<chem>CN</chem> Methylamine (ca. 9% in Ethanol, ca. 2mol/L) CAS RN: 74-89-5		
M2108100mL 500mL	<chem>CN</chem> Methylamine (ca. 7% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 2mol/L) CAS RN: 74-89-5	M3340100mL	<chem>CN</chem> Methylamine (ca. 7% in <i>N,N</i>-Dimethylformamide, ca. 2.0mol/L) CAS RN: 74-89-5	M3341100mL 500mL	<chem>CN</chem> Methylamine (ca. 9% in Acetonitrile) CAS RN: 74-89-5	E0531100mL	<chem>CCN</chem> Ethylamine (30-40% in Methanol) CAS RN: 75-04-7	E0817100mL	<chem>CCN</chem> Ethylamine (30-40% in Ethanol) CAS RN: 75-04-7		
E0842100mL	<chem>CCN</chem> Ethylamine (ca. 10% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 2mol/L) CAS RN: 75-04-7	D3948100mL 500mL	<chem>CN(C)</chem> Dimethylamine (ca. 10% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 2mol/L) CAS RN: 124-40-3	D4198100mL	<chem>CN(C)</chem> Dimethylamine (ca. 11% in Alcohol, ca. 2mol/L) CAS RN: 124-40-3	T2704100mL	<chem>CN(C)C</chem> Trimethylamine (ca. 13% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 2mol/L) CAS RN: 75-50-3	T3567100mL 500mL	<chem>CN(C)C</chem> Trimethylamine (ca. 13% in Acetonitrile, ca. 2mol/L) CAS RN: 75-50-3		
T3614100mL	<chem>CN(C)C</chem> Trimethylamine (ca. 8% in Toluene, ca. 1mol/L) CAS RN: 75-50-3	T2268100mL	<chem>CN(C)C</chem> Trimethylamine (ca. 25% in Methanol, ca. 3.2mol/L) CAS RN: 75-50-3	T2892100mL	<chem>CN(C)C</chem> Trimethylamine (ca. 25% in Ethanol, ca. 3mol/L) CAS RN: 75-50-3	A1884100mL	<chem>N</chem> Ammonia (ca. 4% in Methanol, ca. 2.0mol/L) CAS RN: 7664-41-7	A2236100mL 500mL	<chem>N</chem> Ammonia (ca. 4% in Ethanol, ca. 2.0mol/L) CAS RN: 7664-41-7		

A2237 100mL 500mL NH_3 Ammonia (ca. 4% in Isopropyl Alcohol, ca. 2.0mol/L) CAS RN: 7664-41-7	H1060 500mL HCl Hydrogen Chloride (ca. 1mol/L in Ethyl Acetate) CAS RN: 7647-01-0	H1061 100mL 500mL HCl Hydrogen Chloride (ca. 1mol/L in Ethyl Ether) CAS RN: 7647-01-0	H1062 500mL HCl Hydrogen Chloride (ca. 4mol/L in 1,4-Dioxane) CAS RN: 7647-01-0	H1277 500mL HCl Hydrogen Chloride (ca. 16% in Cyclopentyl Methyl Ether, ca. 4mol/L) CAS RN: 7647-01-0
X0041 100mL 500mL HCl Hydrogen Chloride - Methanol Reagent (5-10%) [for Esterification] CAS RN: 7647-01-0	H0959 100mL 500mL HBr Hydrogen Bromide - Ethanol Reagent (10-20%) [for Esterification] CAS RN: 10035-10-6	U0147 100mL SO_2 Sulfur Dioxide (ca. 8% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1.2 mol/L) CAS RN: 7446-09-5	U0148 100mL SO_2 Sulfur Dioxide (ca. 2.5% in Dichloromethane, ca. 0.5 mol/L) CAS RN: 7446-09-5	T2346 100mL 500mL  Tetrahydrofuran Borane (8.5% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 0.9mol/L) (stabilized with Sodium Borohydride) CAS RN: 14044-65-6
Metallic Salt Solutions		L0186 100mL LiBH_4 Lithium Borohydride (ca. 4mol/L in Tetrahydrofuran) CAS RN: 16949-15-8	L0222 100mL LiCl Lithium Chloride (2.3% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 0.5mol/L) CAS RN: 7447-41-8	T2052 100mL 500mL TiCl_4 Titanium(IV) Chloride (14% in Dichloromethane, ca. 1.0mol/L) CAS RN: 7550-45-0
T2053 100mL SnCl_4 Tin(IV) Chloride (ca. 1.0mol/L in Dichloromethane) CAS RN: 7646-78-8	Z0019 100mL ZnCl_2 Zinc Chloride (ca. 7% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 0.5mol/L) CAS RN: 7646-85-7	Z0020 100mL ZnCl_2 Zinc Chloride (ca. 25% in 2-Methyltetrahydrofuran, ca. 2mol/L) CAS RN: 7646-85-7	S0494 100mL SmI_2 Samarium(II) Iodide (ca. 0.1mol/L in Tetrahydrofuran) CAS RN: 32248-43-4	
Dehydrated Solvents		D3478 500mL CH_2Cl_2 Dichloromethane Anhydrous (stabilized with 2-Methyl-2-butene) CAS RN: 75-09-2	H1197 500mL  Hexane Anhydrous CAS RN: 110-54-3	D3479 500mL  Diethyl Ether Anhydrous (stabilized with BHT) CAS RN: 60-29-7
T2394 500mL  Tetrahydrofuran Anhydrous (stabilized with BHT) CAS RN: 109-99-9				
Organometallic Reagents		M0362 250g CH_3MgBr Methylmagnesium Bromide (12% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1mol/L) CAS RN: 75-16-1	E0134 250g  Ethylmagnesium Bromide (39% in Ethyl Ether, ca. 3mol/L) CAS RN: 925-90-6	B1933 250g  Benzylmagnesium Chloride (ca. 16% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1mol/L) CAS RN: 6921-34-2
O0240 250g  n-Octylmagnesium Bromide (ca. 22% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1mol/L) CAS RN: 17049-49-9	S0467 100g 500g $\text{NaAl}(\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_3)_2\text{H}_2$ Sodium Bis(2-methoxyethoxy)-aluminum Dihydride (70% in Toluene, ca. 3.6mol/L) CAS RN: 22722-98-1	B1087 250mL  Bromotrimethylsilane CAS RN: 2857-97-8	T1451 100mL  Trimethylsilylmethylmagnesium Chloride (20% in Ethyl Ether, ca. 1mol/L) CAS RN: 13170-43-9	T0585 100g  N-Trimethylsilylimidazole CAS RN: 18156-74-6

T1533 100mL $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2 \\ \\ (\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH}-\text{Si}-\text{H} \\ \\ \text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2 \end{array}$ Triisopropylsilane CAS RN: 6485-79-6	D3214 100mL 500mL $\text{Zn}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ Diethylzinc (ca. 15% in Hexane, ca. 1mol/L) CAS RN: 557-20-0	D3902 100mL $\text{Zn}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ Diethylzinc (ca. 15% in Toluene, ca. 1mol/L) CAS RN: 557-20-0	H0915 100mL 500mL $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{CH}_3 \\ \quad \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{Si}-\text{N}-\text{Si}-\text{CH}_3 \\ \quad \\ \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{Li} \quad \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$ LiHMDS (ca. 26% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1.3mol/L) CAS RN: 4039-32-1	H0894 100mL 500mL $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{CH}_3 \\ \quad \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{Si}-\text{N}-\text{Si}-\text{CH}_3 \\ \quad \\ \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{Na} \quad \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$ NaHMDS (contains 2-Methyl-2-butene) (38% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1.9mol/L) CAS RN: 1070-89-9
P2730 100mL $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{CH}_3 \\ \quad \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{Si}-\text{N}-\text{Si}-\text{CH}_3 \\ \quad \\ \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{K} \quad \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$ KHMDS (14% in Toluene, ca. 0.6mol/L) CAS RN: 40949-94-8	P3032 100mL 500mL $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{CH}_3 \\ \quad \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{Si}-\text{N}-\text{Si}-\text{CH}_3 \\ \quad \\ \text{CH}_3 \quad \text{K} \quad \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$ KHMDS (ca. 22% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1.0mol/L) CAS RN: 40949-94-8	S0486 100mL 500mL CH_3ONa Sodium Methoxide (ca. 5mol/L in Methanol) CAS RN: 124-41-4	P1619 100mL 500mL $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{C}-\text{OK} \\ \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$ Potassium <i>tert</i> -Butoxide (12% in Tetrahydrofuran, ca. 1mol/L) CAS RN: 865-47-4	T0133 500g $\begin{array}{c} \text{OCH}(\text{CH}_3)_2 \\ \\ (\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CHO}-\text{Ti}-\text{OCH}(\text{CH}_3)_2 \\ \\ \text{OCH}(\text{CH}_3)_2 \end{array}$ Tetraisopropyl Orthotitanate CAS RN: 546-68-9
T0662 250mL $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2-\text{Si}-\text{H} \\ \\ \text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 \end{array}$ Triethylsilane CAS RN: 617-86-7	Other Reagents			
		T0503 500mL $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_7-\text{P}-\begin{array}{l} (\text{CH}_2)_7\text{CH}_3 \\ (\text{CH}_2)_7\text{CH}_3 \end{array}$ Tri- <i>n</i> -octylphosphine CAS RN: 4731-53-7	B0864 500mL $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_3$ 1-Butoxy-2-propanol CAS RN: 5131-66-8	D1843 100mL $\text{CH}_3\text{SCH}_3 \cdot \text{BH}_3$ Dimethyl Sulfide Borane CAS RN: 13292-87-0
B0527 100mL 500mL $\text{BF}_3 \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$ Boron Trifluoride - Ethyl Ether Complex CAS RN: 109-63-7	B2074 500mL $\text{BF}_3 \cdot [\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_3]\text{O}$ Boron Trifluoride - Butyl Ether Complex (BF ₃ ca. 30%) CAS RN: 593-04-4			

* Not available for smaller than the 100 mL or 100 g size bottles.

* We are not selling the DualSeal cap itself.

* Since the septum cap part of DualSeal contains butyl rubbers, it is not durable enough for halogenated hydrocarbon solvents such as dichloromethane. Accordingly, the minimum number of needle punctures is recommended, as it is possibly degraded by the vapor of the solvent once a hole is made.

When pulling out the syringe needle from the septum cap, please make sure that no liquid remains inside the needle to avoid spilling the liquid from the needle tip.

See DualSeal bottled product list webpage ►►► <https://bit.ly/3Zb3tPE> or



По вопросам продаж и поддержки обращайтесь:

Алматы (7273)495-231
Ангарск (3955)60-70-56
Архангельск (8182)63-90-72
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